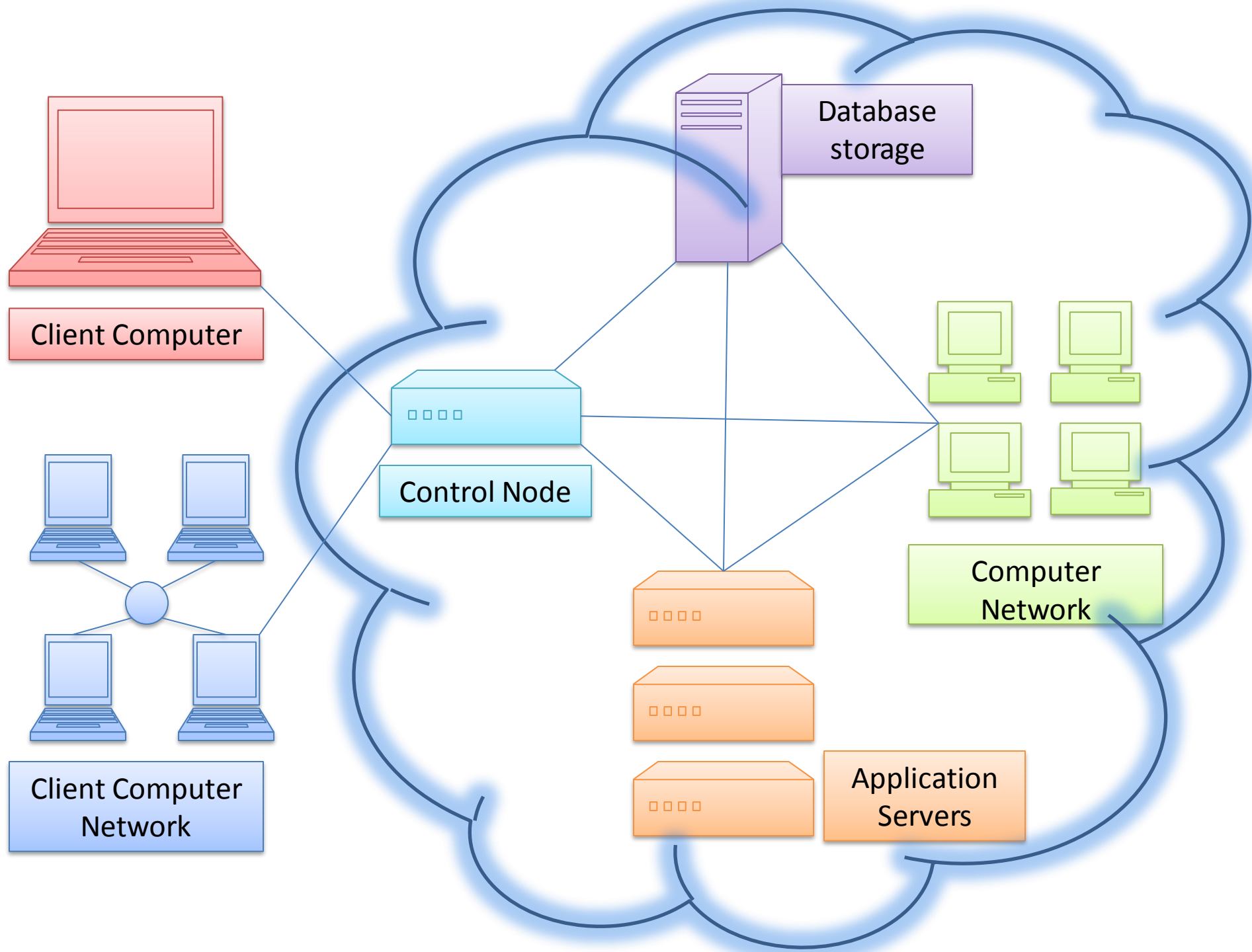
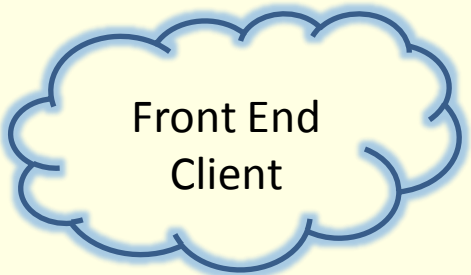


Computing in the Cloud

[Monroe County Library System](#)

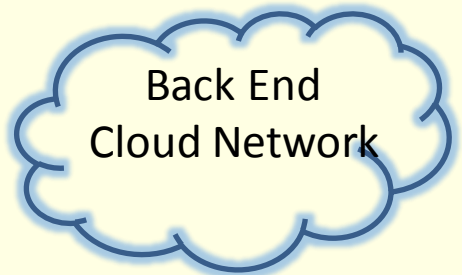




Front End
Client

How the Cloud Works

Divided into two sections - connected by the internet



Back End
Cloud Network

Front End

- Client computer or network
- Interface application
 - Example-Email interface would be IE, Firefox, Chrome or other web browser
 - Other systems will provide an interface application unique to them

Back End – Cloud network, servers and data storage

- Includes any computer program imaginable
 - Word processing, Gaming, etc
 - Each provides it's own interface application

Central Server – administers the system

- Monitors traffic and client demands
- Keeps system running
- Follows a set of protocols - Middleware

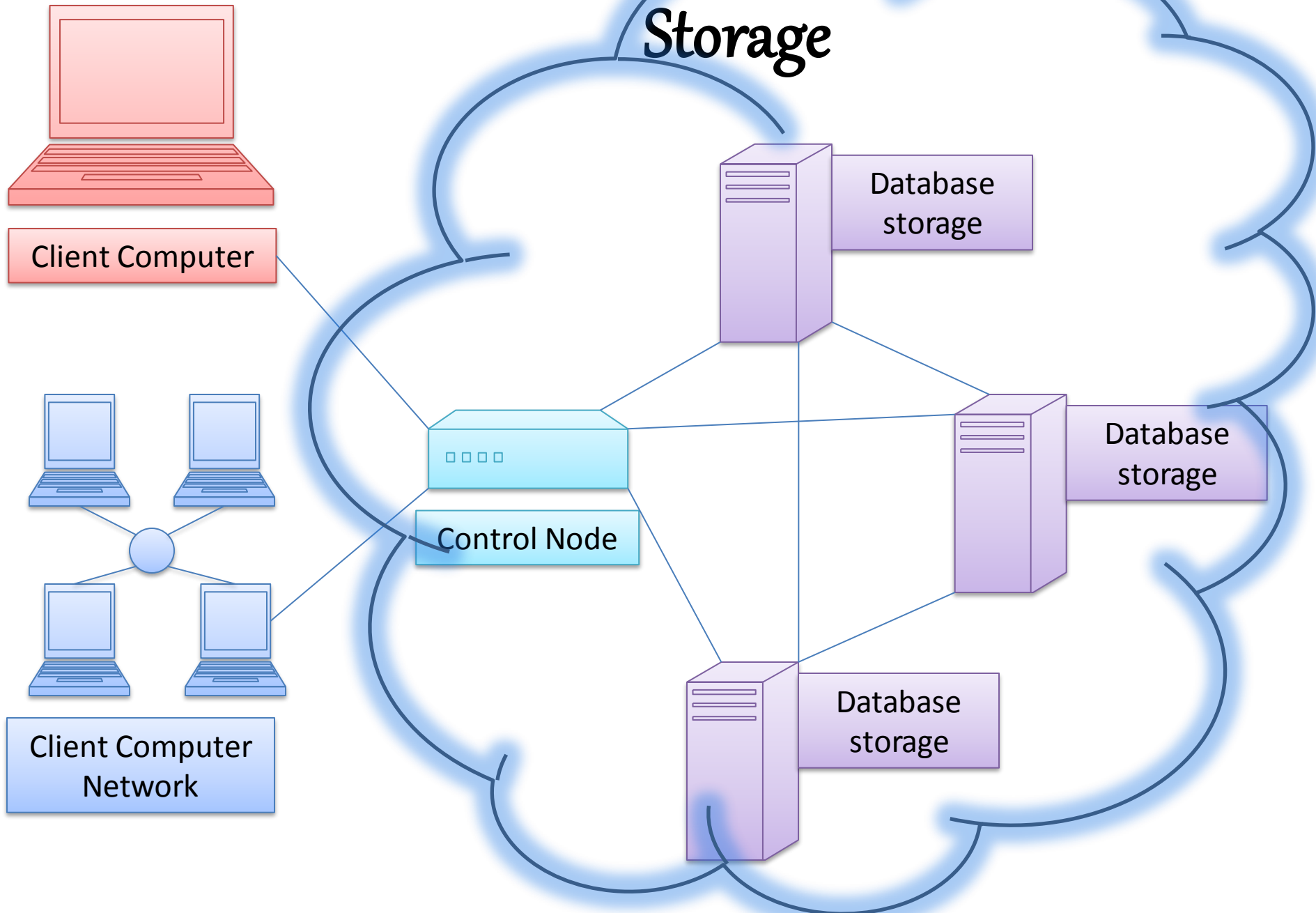
Middleware – allows networked computers to communicate with each other

Server Virtualization – maximizes individual server output and reduces the need for more physical machines

- Servers often do not run at maximum capacity
- Power is being wasted
- Virtualization fools server into thinking it is multiple servers, each running its own independent operation system

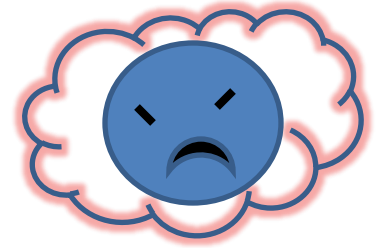
Redundancy – making copies of data as a backup

- Cloud computing needs to make a copy of all data stored in case of a breakdown in the system
- Enables the server to get the data from the backup





Pro's and Con's of Cloud Computing



Accessibility

- Applications and Data accessible from any computer at any time

Storage

- Saved data would not be limited to one computer or network
- Under debate- who actually owns the data stored in the cloud
- Lowers cost of hardware – cloud would have:
 - High speed and most memory
 - Monitor, mouse, keyboard, enough power to run middleware to connect to cloud system

Security - trusting someone else to protect you

- These services know this and will go all out to protect clients – they take it seriously to keep business

Privacy – Authorization where each client can only access data relevant to their job Authentication techniques-user names and password

Impact computer maintenance and repair--

- Possibly lower IT needs
- These jobs could migrate to the backend of cloud computing

Cost

- Not necessary to purchase applications
- Only need to load one application
- Web based service hosts programs
- Remote machines would run programs
- Cloud network handles the workload
- Client only needs the interface software
- Can be as easy as a Web browser

